PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT

The North Carolina Local Government Performance Measurement Project

This section summarizes the results from the North Carolina Local Government Performance Measurement Project (the "Performance Measurement Project") for the City of Salisbury. The following pages present performance and cost information for the City of Salisbury in comparison with the thirteen other cities participating in the project along with explanatory information about the services. This information is reprinted from the Institute of Government report entitled "North Carolina Local Government Performance Measurement Project – Final Report on City Services for Fiscal Year 1999-00 Performance and Cost Data", dated February 2001. Specific information on the other cities' results and a discussion about the performance measures can be found in the official publication.

The Performance Measurement Project

The Performance Measurement Project is an ongoing effort by several cities and counties in North Carolina to measure and compare local government services and costs. The City of Salisbury is a participant in the Performance Measurement Project, which includes the cities of Asheville, Cary, Chapel Hill, Charlotte, Concord, Durham, Greensboro, Hickory, High Point, Raleigh, Wilmington, Wilson, and Winston-Salem. Coordinated by the Institute of Government, the report analyzed the following local services: residential refuse collection, household recycling, yard waste and leaf collection, asphalt maintenance and repair, fire, emergency communications, police patrol and police investigations. Other local government services such as building inspections will be added to the project scope in future years.

The purposes of the Performance Measurement Project are:

- To develop methods that North Carolina's cities and counties can use in their efforts to measure and assess the performance and costs of public services and test and refine these methods by applying them to a select group of local government services.
- To produce reliable data that the participating local jurisdictions can use to assess the performance and costs of the services studied in the project.
- To provide information to help local governments identify performance benchmarks as well as innovative or improved methods of service delivery.

By participating in the Performance Measurement Project, local governments have comparative performance and cost data to track their performances and costs in relation to other local governments along with their own past performances and costs. By using the information, local governments can hopefully provide their services more effectively and efficiently.

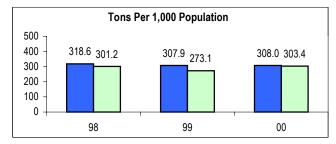
Performance Measurement for the City of Salisbury

The City of Salisbury has committed to continuing in the North Carolina Local Government Performance Measurement Project in FY2001-02 and beyond. As shown in the Budget Message, Outcome #11, goal 1 is to participate in statewide programs with other cities to establish performance standards. Every City department has been challenged to develop meaningful performance measurements as a benchmark for improving services to our citizens.

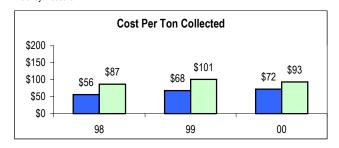
Residential Refuse Collection

FISCAL YEARS 1998, 1999 & 2000

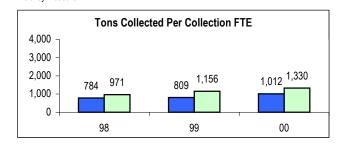
Workload Measure



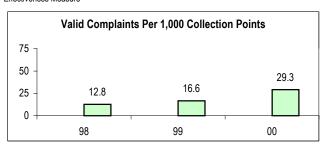
n = 14 Efficiency Measure



n = 14 Efficiency Measure



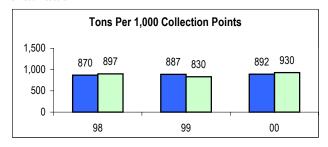
n = 13 Effectiveness Measure



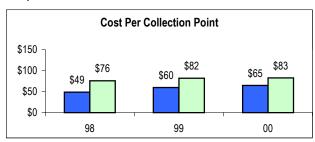
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Chart Legend: City Average

Workload Measure

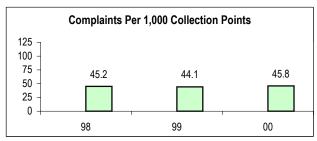


n = 14 Efficiency Measure



n = 14

Effectiveness Measure



Residential Refuse Collection Fiscal Year 1999–00

CITY PRO	FILE
Population (OSP-99)	26,948
Land Area (Square Miles)	17.8
Persons per Square Mile	1,516
Topography	Gently Rolling
County	Rowan
Climate	Moderate; Some Snow & Ice
Median Family Income (HUD-98)	\$54,500
FULL COST P	ROFILE
Cost Breakdown By %	
Personal Services	51.6%
Operating Costs	28.8%
Capital Costs	19.6%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown By \$	
Personal Services	\$ 309,813
Operating Costs	\$ 173,070
Capital Costs	\$ 117,894
TOTAL	\$ 600,777
ecovice or	OF!! F
SERVICE PR	
FTE Positions–Collection FTE Positions–Other	8.2
FIE Positions-Other	1.0
Tons Collected	8,300
Residential Customers (number represents collection p	9,300 oints)
Collection Location	Curbside
	(Backyard for Disabled)
Collection Frequency	1 X Week
Size of Crews	2 Person (3)

Percentage of Service Contracted

Service Fee

Type of Equipment

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

Service Level and Delivery

Salisbury provides residential refuse collection services once per week at curbside. Backyard collection service is provided for handicapped and disabled customers only.

The city employed six crews during FY 1999–00, three composed of one driver and one collector and three composed of one driver. Six semi-automated packers were used during the fiscal year. Sixteen collection routes were used with an average trip per route per day to the transfer station of four miles.

Each resident has one ninety-gallon rollout cart provided and paid for by the city. The city collected 8,300 tons of residential refuse during FY 1999–00 at a cost per ton of \$72. Not included in the cost per ton was a \$28 per ton landfill tipping fee. Salisbury contracted 10 percent of its residential refuse collection during FY 1999-00 at a cost of \$65,500 to service apartments with dumpsters.

Salisbury defines its semi-automated packers as low-entry compactors that can be driven from either side of the truck, with the refuse being dumped in the rear of the truck from rollout carts.

Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

1 Person (3) 10%

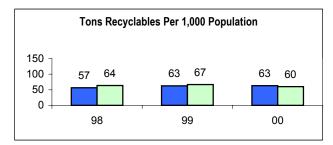
6 Semi-Automated Compactors

None

Household Recycling

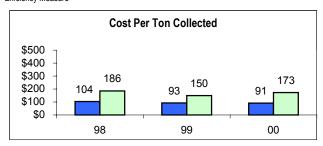
FISCAL YEARS 1998, 1999 & 2000

Workload Measure



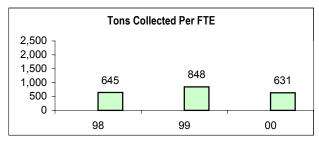
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Efficiency Measure



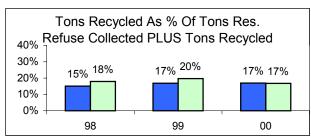
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Efficiency Measure



n = 6

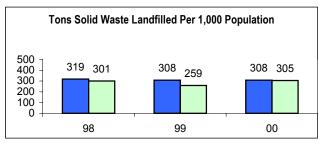
Effectiveness Measure



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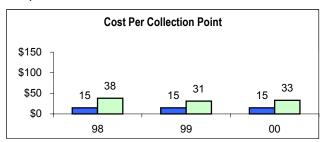
Chart Legend: City Average

Workload Measure



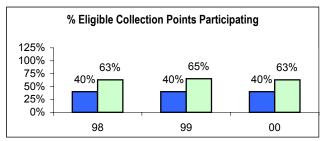
n = 12

Efficiency Measure



n = 12

Effectiveness Measure



Household Recycling Fiscal Year 1999-00

	_	
CITY PROFILE		
Population (OSP-99)		26,948
Land Area (Square Miles)		17.8
Persons per Square Mile		1,516
Topography		Gently Rolling
ropograpiny		conay ronning
County		Rowan
County		rtowan
Climate		Andarata: Cama
Ciimate	IN	Moderate; Some
		Snow & Ice
		A-1-4-
Median Family Income (HUD-98)		\$54,500
FULL COST PROI	FILE	
Cost Breakdown By %		
Personal Services		0.0%
Operating Costs		100.0%
Capital Costs		0.0%
TOTAL	_	100.0%
TOTAL		100.070
Coat Brookdown By ¢		
Cost Breakdown By \$	Φ	
Personal Services	\$	-
Operating Costs	\$	154,208
Capital Costs	\$	-
TOTAL	\$	154,208
SERVICE PROFI	LE	
FTE Positions–Collection		0.0
FTE Positions-Other		0.0
TIET COMONG CANON		0.0
Tons Collected		1 700
Toris Collected		1,700
0 11 11 12 12 1		40.000
Collection Points		10,300
Collection Location		Curbside
Collection Frequency		1 X Week
Number of Drop-Off Centers		0
·		
Percentage of Service Contracted		100%
•		

Revenue from Recycling

Revenue as Percent of Cost

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

Service Level and Delivery

Salisbury provides once-a-week curbside collection of recyclable materials from households. The city provides and pays for the fourteengallon recycling bins that residents use. Residents place materials commingled into the bins. The recyclable materials collected are:

glass—all colors
newspaper
magazines
mixed paper and mail
telephone books
cardboard—2x3 broken down/cereal boxes
plastics—No. 1 and No. 2
cans—all aluminum and steel

The city contracts 100 percent of its recycling program. The city charges a monthly recycling fee of \$1.44 and collected revenue of \$156,179 for FY 1999-00.

Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

\$156,179

101%

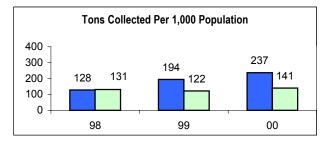
Yard Waste/Leaf Collection

Average

City

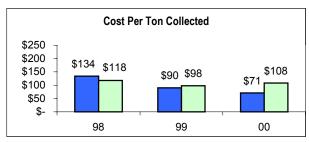
FISCAL YEARS 1998, 1999 & 2000

Workload Measure



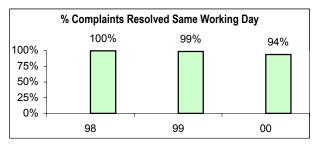
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Efficiency Measure



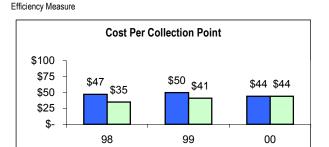
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Effectiveness Measure



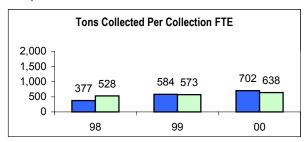
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Chart Legend:



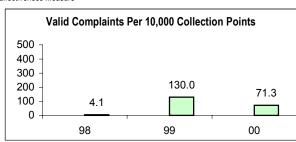
n = 14

Efficiency Measure



n = 14

Effectiveness Measure



Yard Waste/Leaf Collection Fiscal Year 1999–00

CITY PROFILE		
Population (OSP-99)		26,948
Land Area (Square Miles)		17.8
Persons per Square Mile		1,516
Topography		Gently Rolling
County		Rowan
Climate	N	Noderate; Some Snow & Ice
Median Family Income (HUD-98)		\$54,500
FULL COST PROF	II F	:
Cost Breakdown By %		
Personal Services		52.6%
Operating Costs		30.7%
Capital Costs		16.7%
TOTAL		100.0%
Cost Breakdown By \$		
Personal Services	\$	237,246
Operating Costs	\$	138,740
Capital Costs		75,389
TOTAL	\$	451,375
SERVICE PROFI	LE	
FTE Positions–Collection		9.1
FTE Positions–Other		0.0
Collection Points		10,300
Tons Collected		
Yard Waste		5,150
Leaves		1,235
Total		6,385
		·
Collection Frequency		
Yard Waste		1 X Week
Leaf Collection		1 X Week
Service Fee		None

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

Service Level and Delivery

Yard waste is picked up weekly at the curb in Salisbury. Yard waste includes limbs, shrubs, bagged grass clippings, and bagged leaves. It is collected the same day as trash and recycling materials for city residents.

The city uses two, three-person crews on packer trucks for yard waste collection, each consisting of a driver and two laborers. A two-member crew operating a knuckleboom truck is used to pick up large brush piles and limbs.

Loose leaves are collected from curbside during leaf season, running from mid-October through March. Loose leaves are collected every third week during leaf season and bagged leaves are collected weekly with the regular yard waste program.

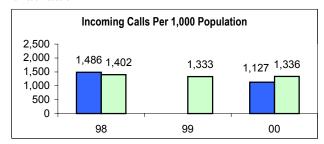
The city did not charge a fee for its yard waste collection program during FY 1999–00.

Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

Police Patrol

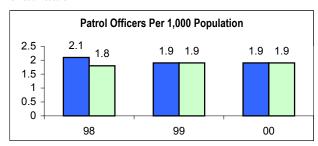
FISCAL YEARS 1998, 1999 & 2000

Workload Measure



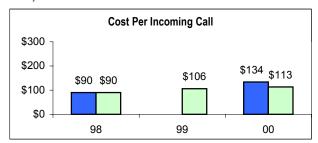
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Workload Measure



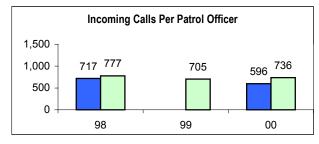
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Efficiency Measure



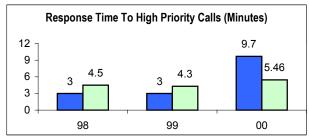
n = 13

Efficiency Measure



n = 13

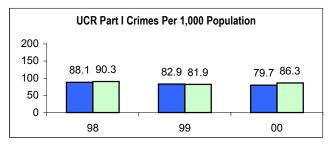
Effectiveness Measure



n = 12

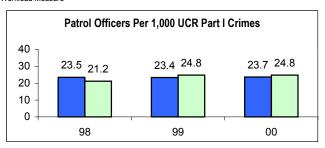
Chart Legend: City Average

Workload Measure



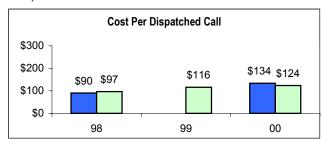
n = 14

Workload Measure



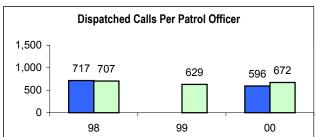
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Efficiency Measure



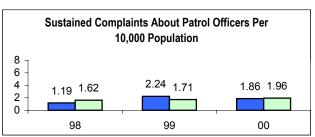
n = 14

Efficiency Measure



n = 14

Effectiveness Measure



n = 14

Police Patrol Fiscal Year 1999-00

CITY PROFILE	
Population (OSP-99)	26,948
Land Area (Square Miles)	17.8
Persons per Square Mile	1,516
County	Rowan
Median Family Income (HUD-98)	\$54,500
Unemployment Rate (ESC-99)	2.9%
UCR Part I Crimes Reported	
Homicide	4
Rape	9
Robbery	65
Assault	121
Burglary	393
Larceny	1,406
Auto Theft	128
Arson	22
TOTAL	2,148

FULL COST PROFILE

Cost Breakdown By %		
Personal Services		50.9%
Operating Costs		40.4%
Capital Costs		8.7%
TOTAL		100.0%
Cost Breakdown By \$		
Personal Services	\$	2,078,948
Operating Costs	\$	1,649,803
Capital Costs	\$	356,015
TOTAL	\$	4,084,766
SERVICE PROFI	LE	
FTE Positions–Sworn		51.0
FTE Positions-Other		0.0
Number of Incoming Calls		30,374
Number of Calls Dispatched		30,374
UCR Part II Crimes Reported		2,208
Traffic Accidents		1,063
Property Damage		\$4,419,080
Average Number of Service Years for Sworn Officers		5

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

Service Level and Delivery

Salisbury's police department provides an array of police services, including a telephone response unit, a canine unit, a special response unit, bicycle patrol, animal control, drug enforcement, and two school programs.

The city had eighty-one sworn officer positions authorized for FY 1999–00, including fifty-one patrol officers with an average length of service of five years. The police department is located in a two-story facility and employs three substations. One substation is located in a neighborhood, one substation is located in the business district, and the other occupies an apartment in the Salisbury Housing Authority apartment complex.

Patrol officers work a 2,080 year and a variety of shift schedules, including a twelve-hour schedule, four days on and four off. Some work a ten-hour schedule with five days on and three off. The rotating twelve-hour shifts include augmented mid-hour shifts and late shifts that may be moved according to need.

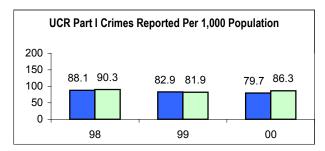
The city defines high priority emergency calls as those crimes that are in progress, life threatening, or potential life threatening circumstances. Each officer is assigned a vehicle and allowed to take it home.

Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

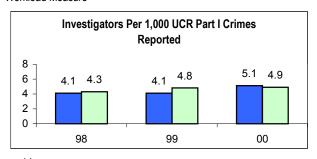
Police Investigations

FISCAL YEARS 1998, 1999 & 2000

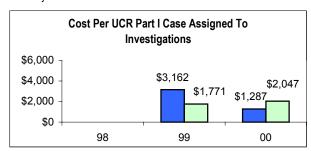
Workload Measure



n = 14 Workload Measure



n = 14 Efficiency Measure



n = 13 Effectiveness Measure

n = 14

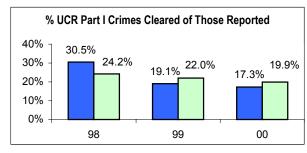
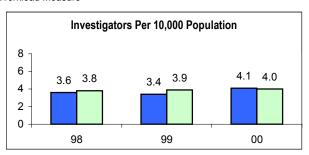
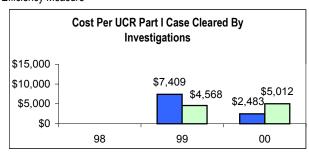


Chart Legend: City Average

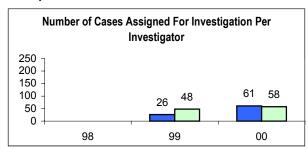
Workload Measure



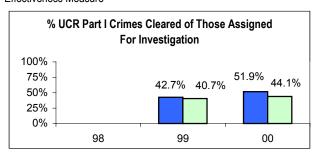
n = 14 Efficiency Measure



n = 12 Efficiency Measure



n = 13 Effectiveness Measure



n = 12

Police Investigations Fiscal Year 1999-00

CITY PROFILE		
		22.242
Population (OSP–99)		26,948
Land Area (Square Miles)		17.8
Persons per Square Mile		1,516
County		Rowan
Median Family Income (HUD-98)		\$54,500
Unemployment Rate (ESC-99)		2.9%
, ,		
UCR Part I Crimes Reported		
Homicide		4
Rape		9
Robbery		65
Assault		121
Burglary		393
Larceny		1,406
Auto Theft		128
Arson		22
TOTAL		2,148
FULL COST PROF	ILE	
Cost Breakdown By %		
Personal Services		57.8%
Operating Costs		35.3%
Capital Costs		6.9%
TOTAL		100.0%
Cost Breakdown By \$		
Personal Services	\$	502,096
Operating Costs	\$	306,579
Capital Costs	\$	60,382
TOTAL	\$	869,057
TOTAL	φ	009,037
SERVICE PROFI	LE	
FTE Positions–Sworn		11
FTE Positions-Other		1
Part I Crimes Assigned to Investigation	S	
Persons		131
Property		544
Total		675
Part I Crimes Cleared by Investigations	3	
Persons		99
Property		251
Total		350
Average Number of Service Years for Sworn Officers		9

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

Service Level and Delivery

Police investigations had eleven sworn investigator positions authorized for FY 1999–00 with an average length of service of nine years. The city also budgeted one clerical position for the same fiscal year.

Investigators in Salisbury work a 42.5 hour week, Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. The investigators are called back as needed.

Police investigations was assigned 675 cases for FY 1999–00 and cleared 350 cases. The police department was successful in clearing 372 cases. The department did not receive any complaints during the fiscal year against investigative officers.

Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

FY 1997–98 performance data are not reported for the following measures: cost per UCR Part I cases cleared by investigations, cost per UCR Part I cases assigned to investigations, number of cases assigned for investigations per investigative officer, and percentage of UCR Part I crimes cleared of those assigned for investigation.

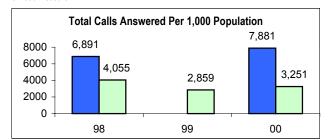
The cost per UCR Part I cases cleared by investigations and cost per UCR Part I cases assigned to investigations were changed from investigative cost per Part I crime cleared by the police department and investigative cost per Part I crime reported to the police department, respectively. The changes were made to ensure that both cost and performance were derived from the same function.

The number of cases assigned for investigations per investigative officer and percentage of UCR Part I crimes cleared of those assigned for investigation represent new performance measures and were not contained in the FY 1997–98 performance and cost data report.

Emergency Communications

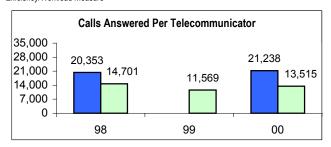
FISCAL YEARS 1998, 1999 & 2000

Workload Measure



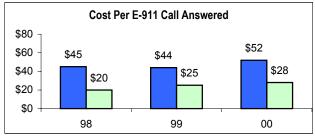
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Efficiency/Workload Measure



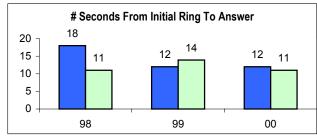
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Efficiency Measure



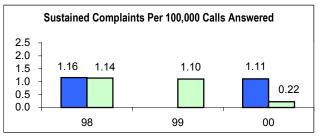
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Effectiveness Measure



n = 8

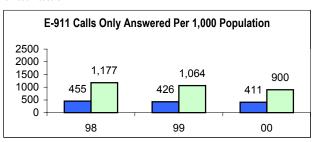
Effectiveness Measure



n = 10

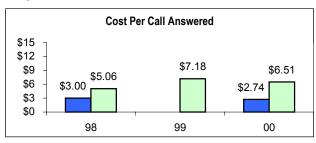
Chart Legend: City Average

Workload Measure



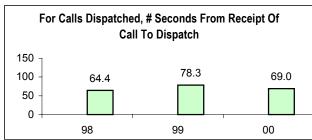
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Efficiency Measure



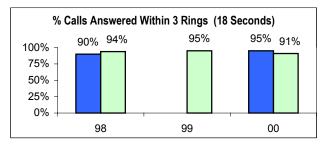
n = 9

Effectiveness Measure



n = 7

Effectiveness Measure



n = 8

13 - 12

Emergency Communications Fiscal Year 1999–00

CITY PROFILI	<u> </u>	
Population (OSP-99)		26,948
Land Area (Square Miles)		17.8
Persons per Square Mile		1,516
County		Rowan
Median Family Income (HUD-98)		\$54,500
Unemployment Rate (ESC-99)		2.9%
Population Growth (OSP 1990-1999)		13.7%
FULL COST PRO	FILE	
Cost Breakdown By %		
Personal Services		56.6%
Operating Costs Capital Costs		41.3% 2.1%
TOTAL		100.0%
TOTAL		100.070
Cost Breakdown By \$		
Personal Services	\$	328,624
Operating Costs	\$	240,055
Capital Costs	\$	12,405
TOTAL	\$	581,084
SERVICE PROF	ILE	
Telecommunicators Other		10.0 1.0
Total Incoming Calls Total 911 Calls		212,378 11,069
i stai o i i Gallo		11,000
Total Calls Dispatched		30,374
Highest Priority Calls		11,069
E-911 Fee		No
Revenue from Fee		NA
Number of Complaints		6
Number of Complaints Number of Sustained Complaints		6
Tambor of Guotamou Complainto		J

800 MHz System

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

Service Level and Delivery

The emergency communications center is located in the police department and processes 911 emergency and nonemergency calls. It dispatches police and other emergency response units as necessary. Many of the calls come directly to the center. Others from city residents go initially to the Rowan County communications center and are then immediately switched to the city's police communication center. The city's center operates twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week.

The city owns its communications equipment, including infrastructure. The system is a Motorola 800 MHz trunked Smartnet system with a single site, twenty channel analog and two GHz microwave sites. Approximately 1,650 users are on the system.

Salisbury's center reported total incoming calls of 212,378 for FY 1999–00, including 11,069 highest propriety calls. The city defines highest priority emergency calls as crimes in progress and calls involving injury or imminent injury to a person.

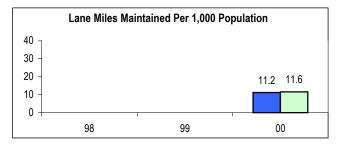
Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

Yes

Asphalt Maintenance & Repair

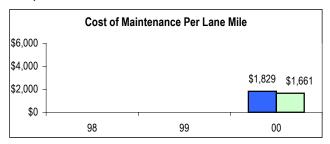
FISCAL YEARS 1998, 1999 & 2000

Workload Measure



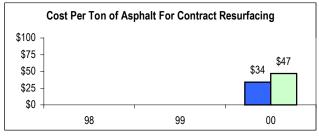
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Efficiency Measure



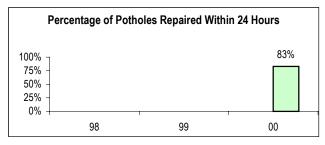
n = 12

Efficiency Measure



n = 12

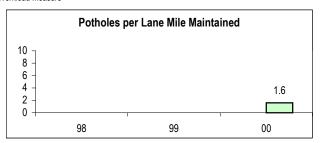
Effectiveness Measure



n = 10

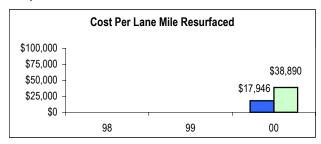
Chart Legend: City Average

Workload Measure



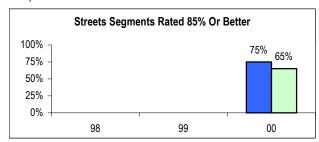
n = 10

Efficiency Measure



n = 12

Efficiency Measure



Asphalt Maintenance & Repair Fiscal Year 1999–00

Jansbury		Fiscal Year 1999-00
CITY PROFIL	.E	EXPLANATORY INFORMATION
Population (OSP-99)	26,948	
Land Area (Square Miles)	17.8	Service Level and Delivery The city of Salisbury was responsible for maintaining 303 lane miles
Persons per Square Mile	1,516	during FY 1999–00. The city resurfaced 15.7 lane miles, equating to approximately 5.2 percent of total lane miles.
Topography	Gently Rolling	The total tons of asphalt used during the fiscal year were 8,355, representing the tons used for resurfacing projects. The average
County	Rowan	resurfacing depth used by the city was 1.5 inches.
Climate	Moderate; Some Snow & Ice	The city reported that 75 percent of its street segments rated 85 percent or above on its most recent rating conducted in the year 1998. The city used ITRE as its rating system.
Median Family Income (HUD-98)	\$54,500	The city did not report either the number of potholes reported for FY 1999–00 or the percentage of potholes repaired within twenty-four
FULL COST PRO	OFILE	hours. The city reported a resurfacing cycle of fifteen years.
Cost Breakdown By %		Thouse. The dity reported a recurrently cycle of inteen years.
Personal Services	24.1%	Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs
Operating Costs	61.5%	
Capital Costs	14.4%	
TOTAL	100.0%	
Cost Breakdown By \$		
Personal Services	\$ 201,230	
Operating Costs	\$ 514,283	
Capital Costs	\$ 120,302	
TOTAL	\$ 835,815	
SERVICE PROF	FILE	
FTE Positions–Crews	7.1	
FTE Positions–Other	0.0	
Lane Miles Maintained	303	
Lane Miles Resurfaced–Contract	15.7	
Lane Miles Resurfaced–City	0.0	
Total	15.7	
Tons of Asphalt Used–Resurfacing		
Contractor	8,355	
City Crews	0	
Cost of Repaving-Contract	\$281,749	
Cost of Repaving–City Crews	\$0	
Cost of Maintenance	\$554,067	
Registered Vehicles	20,198	

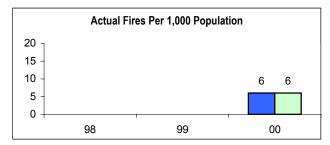
1,136

Registered Vehicles/Square Mile

Fire Services

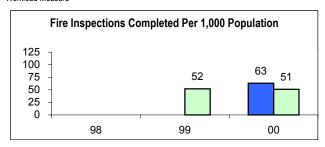
FISCAL YEARS 1998, 1999 & 2000

Workload Measure



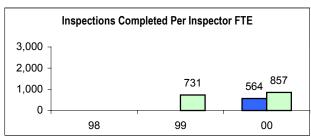
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Workload Measure



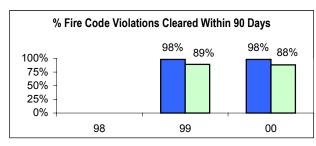
n = 14

Efficiency Measure



n = 14

Effectiveness Measure



n = 11

Effectiveness Measure

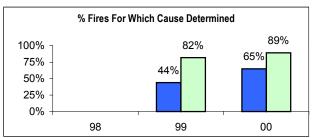
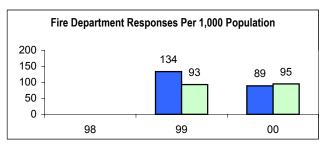


Chart Legend:



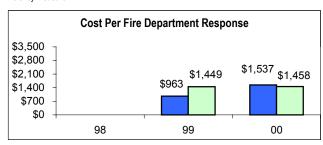
Average

Workload Measure



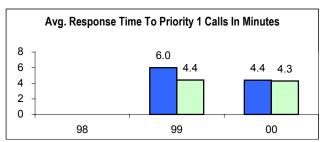
n = 14

Efficiency Measure



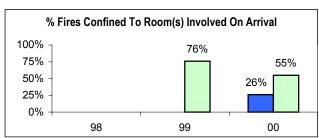
n = 14

Effectiveness Measure



n = 12

Effectiveness Measure



Fire Services Fiscal Year 1999-00

CITY PROFILI	<u> </u>
Population Served	26,948
Land Area Served (Square Miles)	17.8
Persons Served per Square Mile	1,516
Topography	Gently Rolling
County	Rowan
Climate	Moderate; Some Snow & Ice
FULL COST PRO	FILE
Cost Breakdown By %	
Personal Services	54.7%
	32.1%
Operating Costs	
Capital Costs	13.2%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown By \$	
Personal Services	\$ 2,024,129
Operating Costs	\$ 1,186,197
Capital Costs	
•	
TOTAL	\$ 3,697,224
SERVICE PROF	ILE
SERVICE PROF FTE Positions–Firefighters	ILE 54
FTE Positions–Firefighters	54
FTE Positions–Firefighters	54
FTE Positions–Firefighters FTE Positions–Other Fire Stations	54 11 3
FTE Positions–Firefighters FTE Positions–Other	54
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected	54 11 3
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers	54 11 3
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical False Alarms	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11 172 1,384 298
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical False Alarms Other	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11 172 1,384 298 551
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical False Alarms	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11 172 1,384 298
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical False Alarms Other Total	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11 172 1,384 298 551
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical False Alarms Other	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11 172 1,384 298 551
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical False Alarms Other Total	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11 172 1,384 298 551
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical False Alarms Other Total Engine Companies	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11 172 1,384 298 551
FTE Positions—Firefighters FTE Positions—Other Fire Stations Amount of Property Protected Fire Apparatus Pumpers Aerial trucks Reserve equipment—other Total Fire Department Responses Fires Medical False Alarms Other Total Engine Companies Truck Companies	54 11 3 \$1,763,159,954 3 1 7 11 172 1,384 298 551

EXPLANATORY INFORMATION

Service Level and Delivery

The statement of purpose for the Salisbury fire department is to provide capable, well-trained personnel and necessary equipment to suppress fires and effectively manage hazardous chemical accidents that may occur in our community related to transportation or industry; to provide rescue services as needed and basic life support through an updated First Responder Program; and to work toward a more fire safe community through loss prevention activities, including inspections, code enforcement, minimum housing activities, and public education programs.

The fire department contained the following divisions in FY 1999–00: fire control, loss prevention, training, and logistics.

The shift schedule for the fire department is twenty-four hours on and forty-eight hours off, including no sleep deduction, kelly days, and four days off.

The fire department reported an average response time of 4.38 minutes, including both turnout and travel time. A dispatch time was not reported.

The city had an ISO rating of 2 for FY 1999-00.

The fire department reported total number of inspections of 1,692, including 1,432 Level I inspections, 220 Level II inspections, and 40 Level III inspections. The city follows or exceeds the state guidelines for frequency of inspections for all occupancies.

Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

Actual fires per 1,000 population is a new measure for this report. It was changed from fires reported per 1,000 population in the FY 1998–99 report.

